Stone Age - History - Autumn 1

Key vocabulary		
Prehistoric	Before written records began.	
Cavemen	A prehistoric man who lived in caves	
Hunter-gatherer	Someone who hunts animals and gathers wild food to eat.	
Flint	A very hard stone that can produce a spar when struck by another stone.	
Tools	Natural materials used to make items to help them in day to day life such as: hand axes, hammerstones and bladed tools.	
Cave Art	paintings and engravings found in caves and shelters dating back to the Ice Age	









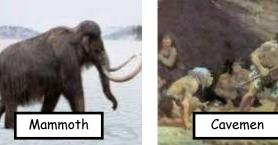




Stone Age Life

The Stone Age is named after the stone tools that the earliest humans used to help them survive. They used them to kill animals, such as mammoths, for their meat, bone marrow and skins. The bones were also useful for making tools, such as needles to sew skins together.

People in the Stone Age moved around from place to place with the seasons, in order to keep safe and warm and to follow the animals they hunted.



lunter-Gatherers

Weapons such as stone axes, spears, bows and arrows were all used to hunt for food.

Horse, deer, hares, seabirds, fish were all eaten. Every part of the animal was used including bone marrow and the skin for clothing.

Seeds, berries, nuts, eggs and insects were also gathered.

Timeline			
5000 BC		Ţ,	AD 500
Stone Age	Bronze Age	Iron Age	
	Ancient Egypt		Roman
Ancient Sumer			Britain