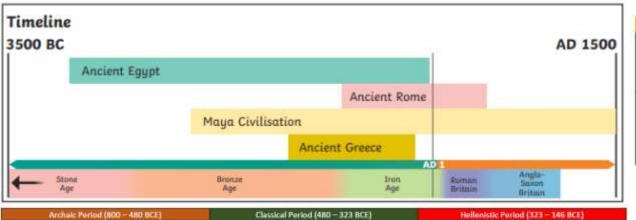
## Ancient Greece - history-Summer 1





primary source	Information and objects that come from the time being studied.
secondary source	Interpretations of information and objects which are produced after the time being studied



Athens vs Sparta - the key differences between two distinct regions of ancient Greece - including society, government & geography.

The Battle of Marathon - importance of two differing civilisations joining as one. Ancient Greek Architecture & the impact upon later architects, including Christopher Wren.

Ancient Greek Theatre - the impact this has had upon modern theatre, including Shakespeare

	Select Greek Gods
Zeus	King of the Gods, God of the Sky, Lightning and Thunder.
Hades	God the Dead and King of the Underworld.
Poseidon	God of the Sea, Earthquakes and Storms.
Hera	Queen of the Gods; Goddess of Marriage.
Apollo	God of Music, Art, Knowledge and the Sun.
Aphrodite	Goddess of Love and Beauty.
Hermes	Messenger of the Gods, God of Trade and Travelers.
Ares	God of War.
Athena	Goddess of Wisdom, Courage and Strategy
Demeter	Goddess of Agriculture and the Harvest.





The acropolis





Achiton

## The Legacy of Ancient Greece.

## What did the Ancient Greeks do for us?

They gave us:

DEMOCRACY - A form of government where the people elect (vote) for who they want to represent them.

ALPHABET - the first two letters of the Greek alphabet are alpha and beta - which is where we get the word alphabet from.

THEATRE - the Ancient Greeks invented the idea of written drama performed by actors.

PYTHAGORUS - was an Ancient Greek mathematician and philosopher. Many of you will use his rules and laws in your own maths.

Letters from the Greek alphabet are also used in many mathematical and scientific equations.

Many words we use today have their origins in Ancient Greece.